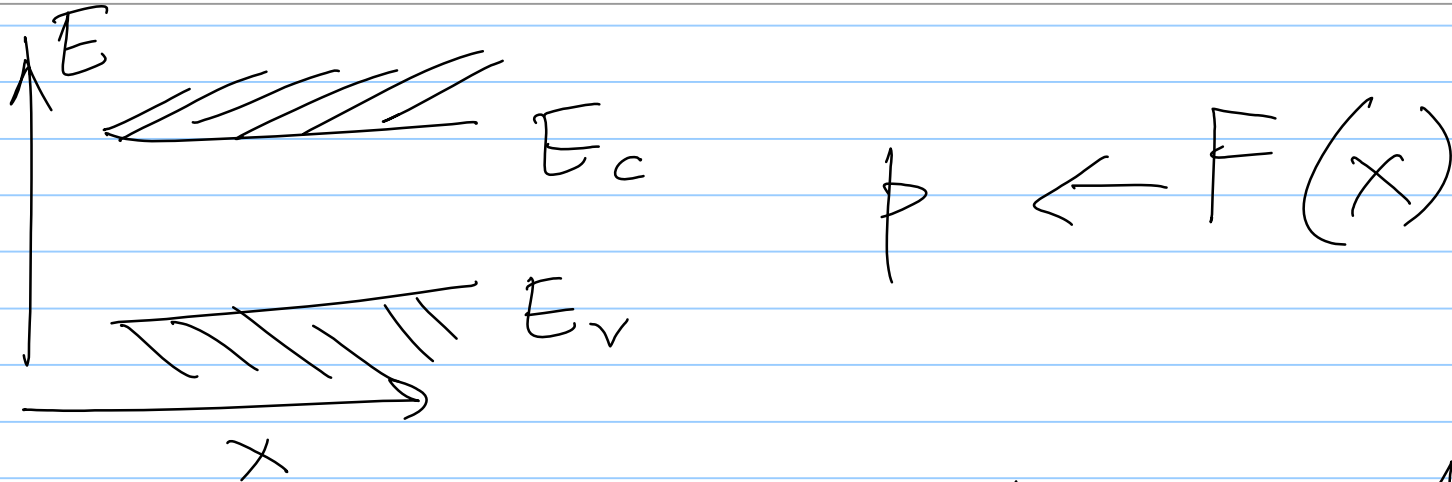


# Energy versus Momentum



p ← momentum operator

$$p \equiv \frac{\hbar}{i} \nabla = \frac{\hbar}{i} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$\Psi = \Psi_0 e^{i(\omega t + kx)}$$

$\omega \rightarrow$  freq.

$k \rightarrow$  wave number

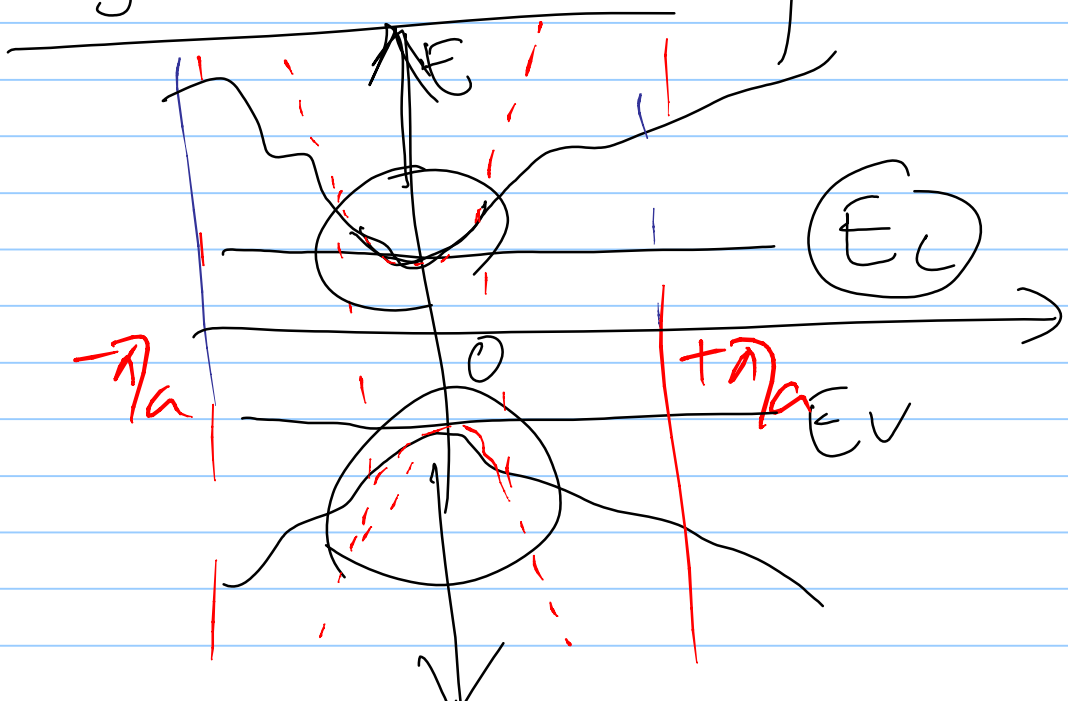
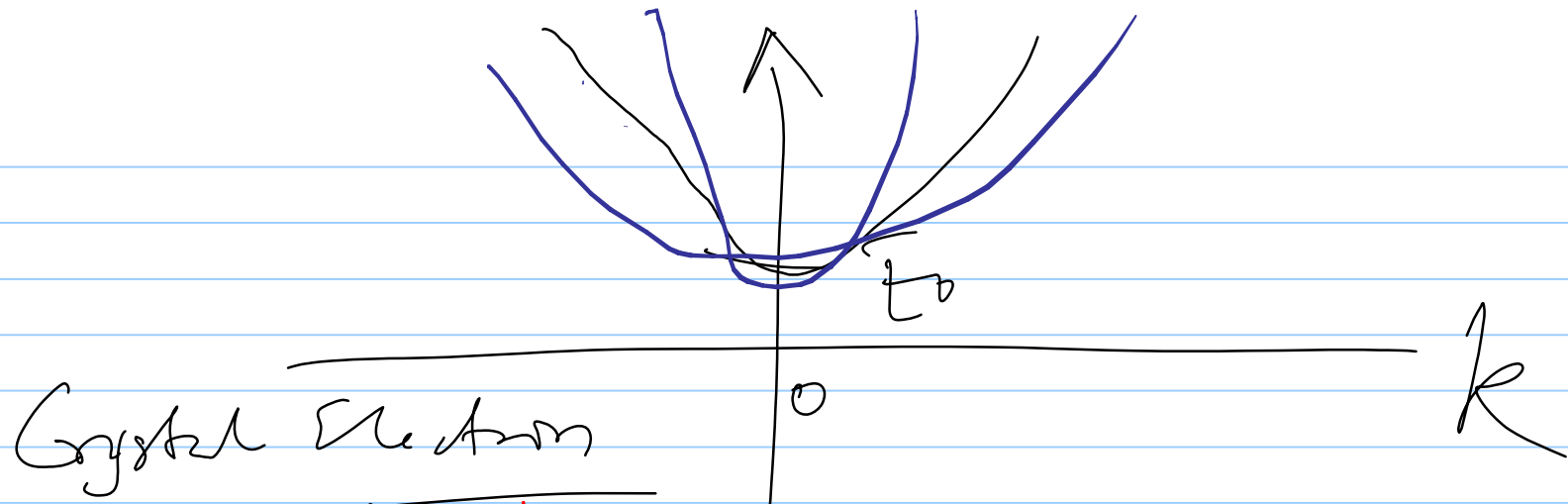
Wave fn.  $\Psi = \Psi_0 e^{i(\omega t + kx)}$   
free electron

$$p\Psi = \frac{\hbar}{i} \frac{d}{dx} \Psi = \frac{\hbar}{i} i k \Psi = \hbar k \Psi$$

$$p = \hbar k$$

$$\text{Total Energy} = E_0 + \frac{1}{2} \frac{p^2}{m} = E_0 + \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m}$$

$$\boxed{E = E_0 + \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m}}$$



$\dots \rightarrow \pi$   
 $\leftarrow a \rightarrow$  lattice const  
 $\dots \rightarrow k$   
 $\frac{\pi}{2a} \rightarrow T$   
 $f \rightarrow \frac{2\pi}{\lambda}$

$$E = E_0 + \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m}$$

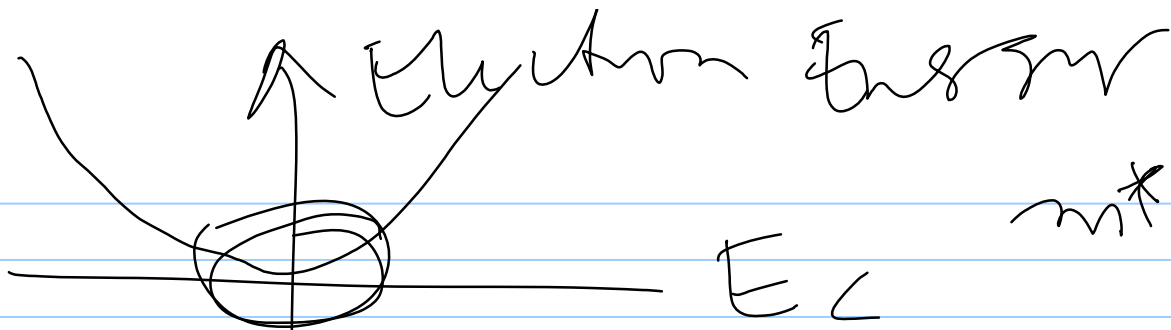
Effective mass

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dE}{dk} = \frac{\hbar^2 k}{m}$$

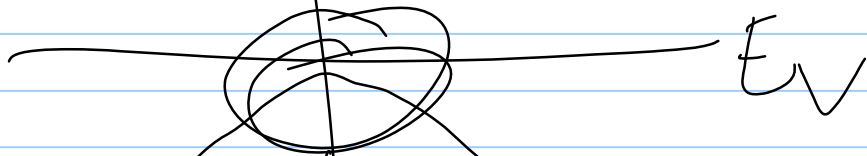
$$\Rightarrow \frac{d^2 E}{dk^2} = \frac{\hbar^2}{m}$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{\hbar^2}{\frac{d^2 E}{dk^2}}$$

$$m_e^* = \frac{\hbar^2}{\frac{d^2 E}{dk^2}}$$



$$m^* = \frac{\hbar^2}{\frac{d^2E}{dk^2}}$$



$$E = E_V - \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m^*}$$

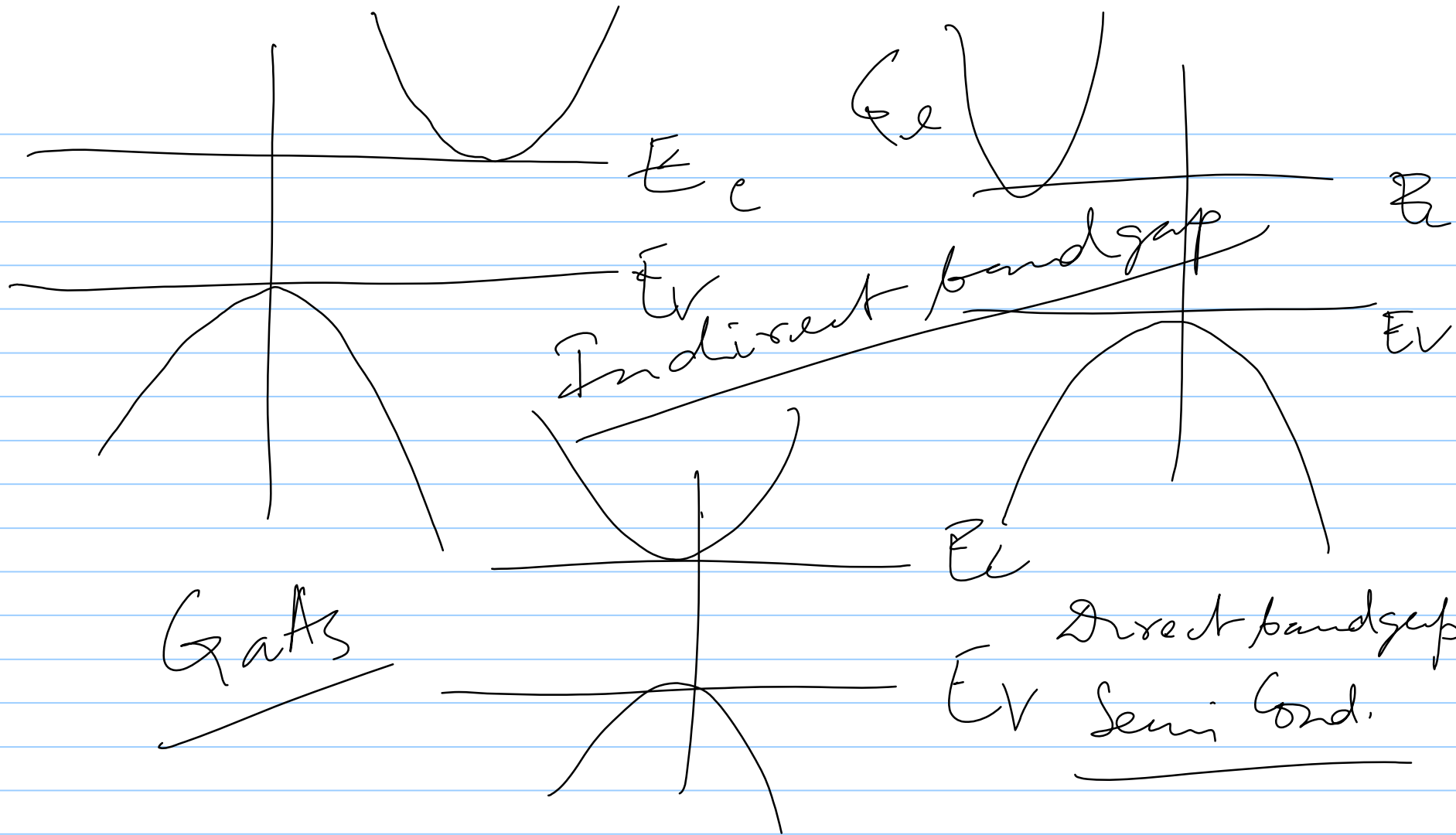
Hole Energy

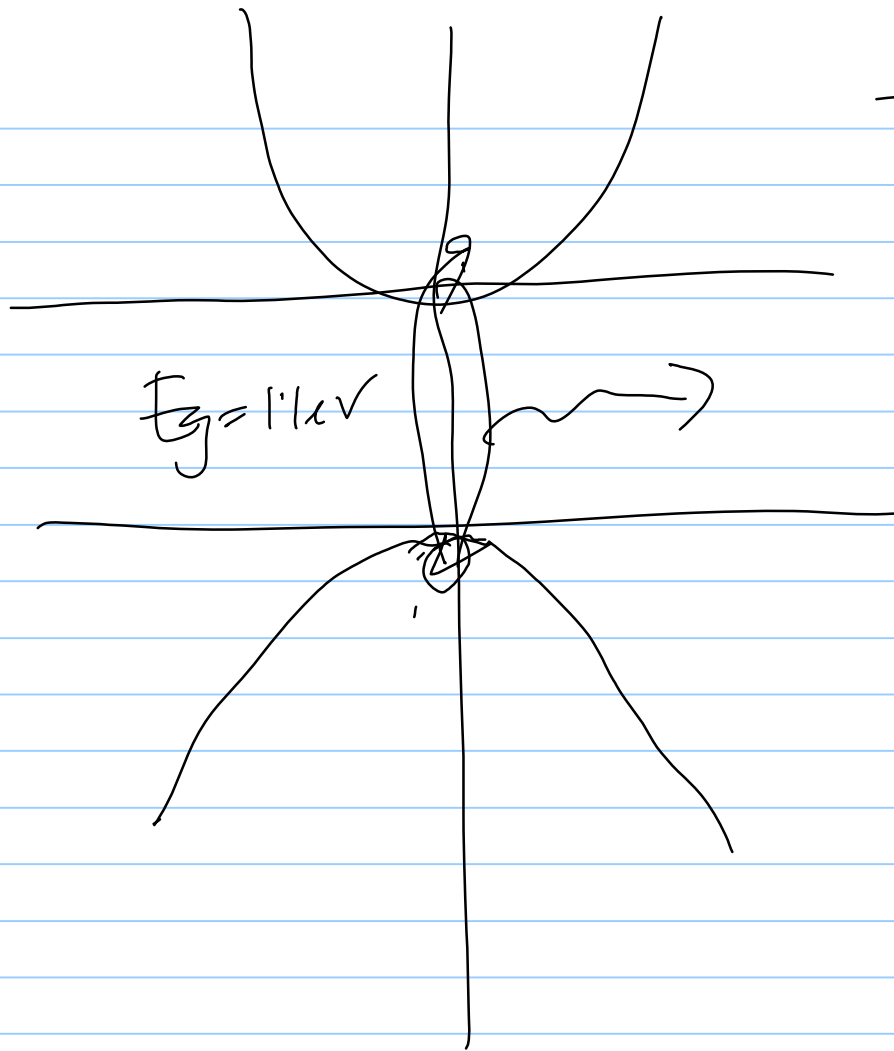
$$= E_V + \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2(-m^*)}$$

Negative electron energy is increasing

$$-E' = \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m^*_h}$$

Si





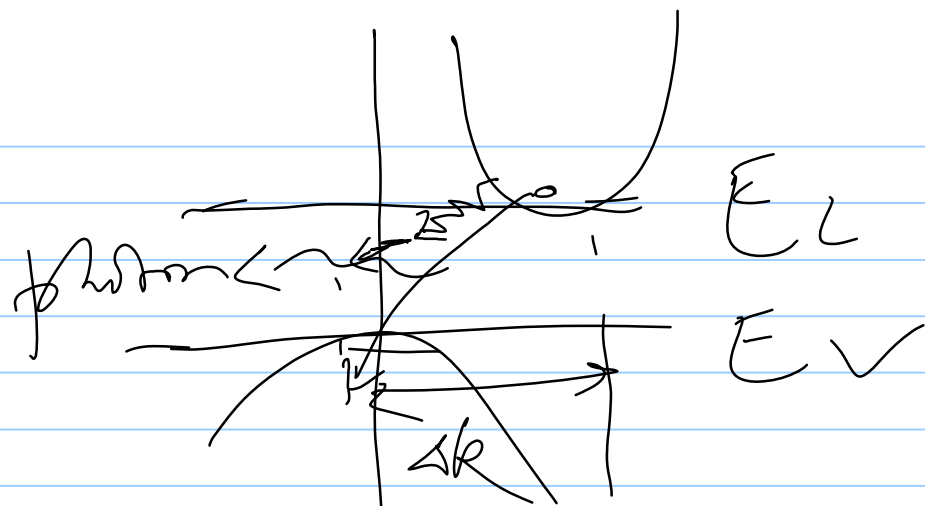
Generation / Recombination  
Energy Conservation

$E_C$  Momentum Conservation

$$\lambda = \frac{hc}{E_g}$$

$$= \frac{4.14 \times 10^{-15} \text{ eV} \cdot \text{s} \cdot \text{C}}{1.1 \text{ eV}}$$

$$\sim \frac{1 \mu\text{m}}{1} = \frac{4.14 \times 10^{-15} \cdot 3.8 \times 10^{16} \text{ cm}^{-1}}{1}$$



$$a \sim 1 \text{ \AA}$$

$$p_{\text{photon}} = \left( \frac{h}{\lambda} \right) = h / \mu\text{m}$$

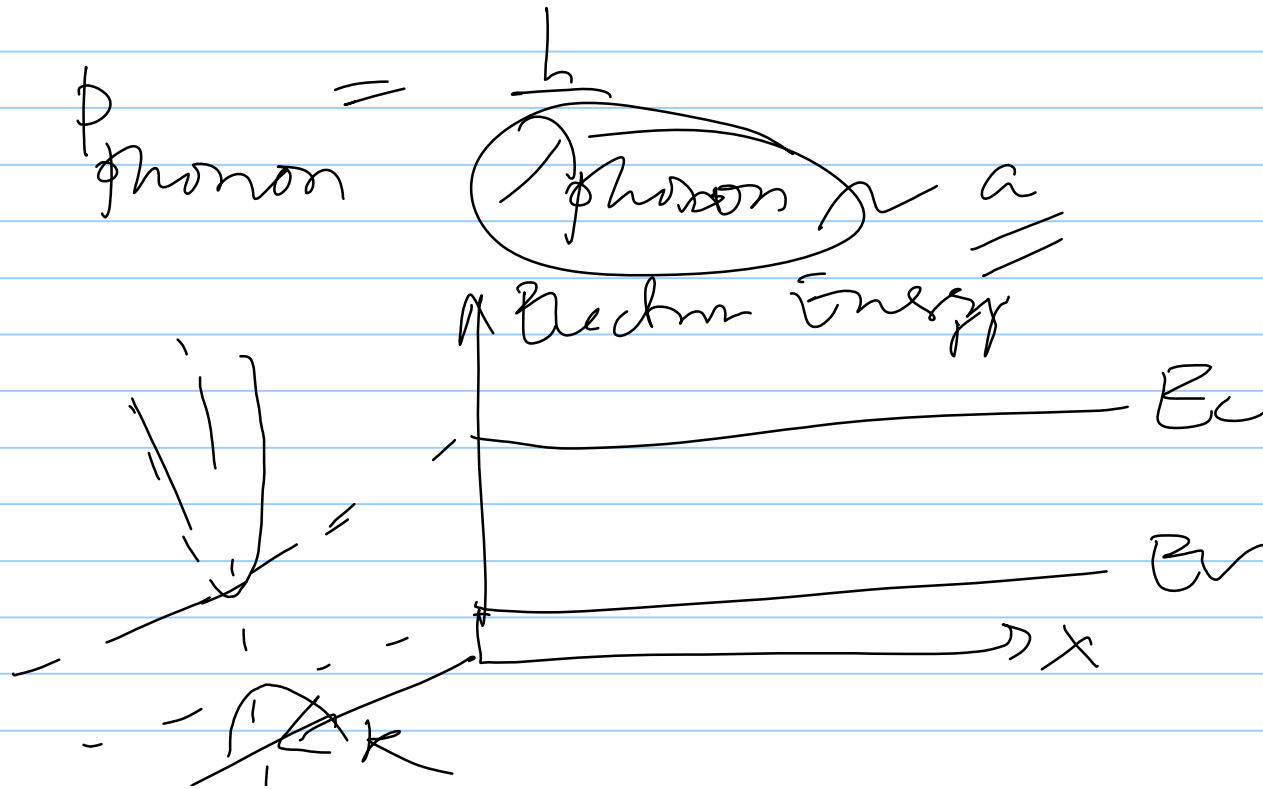
$$\Delta p_{\text{electron}} = \frac{h}{2\pi} \Delta k = \frac{h}{2\pi} \frac{\pi}{a} = \left( \frac{h}{2a} \right)$$

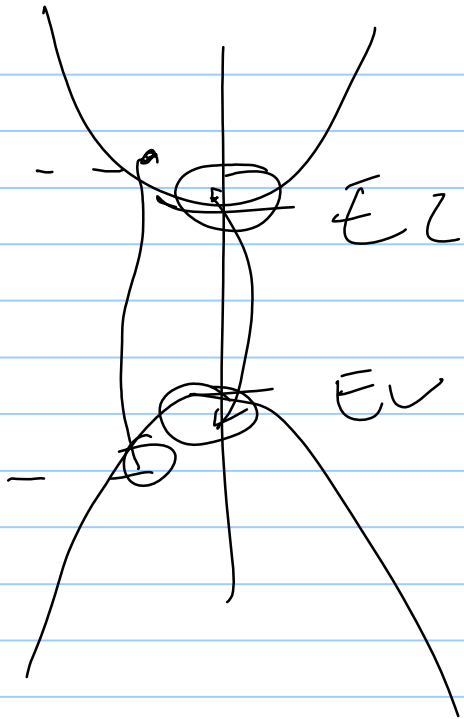
$$\Delta p_{\text{electron}} = 10^4 p_{\text{photon}} \gg p_{\text{photon}}$$



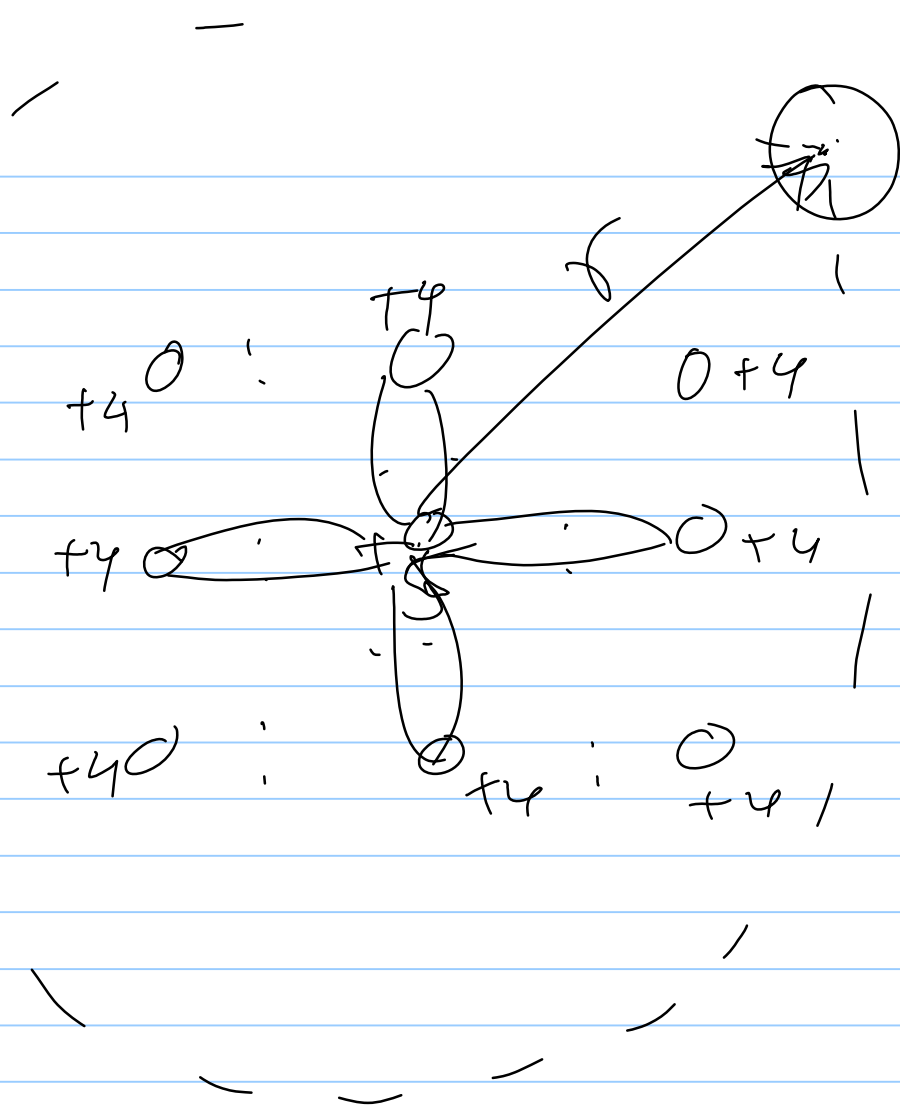
# phonon wave

packets of vibration





Donor level  
Acceptor level



$$\frac{m v^2}{r} = \frac{\hbar^2}{4\pi^2 r^2}$$

$$m v r = \hbar$$

$$\frac{\cancel{m} \cancel{v}^2 \cancel{r}^2}{\cancel{m} \cancel{v} \cdot \cancel{r}} = \frac{\hbar^2}{4\pi^2 \cancel{r}^2}$$

$$r = \frac{4\pi^2 \hbar^2}{m v}$$

$$T E = P. E + K. E$$

$$= -\frac{q^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r} + \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$= -\frac{q^2 m v^2}{(4\pi\epsilon_0)^2 \frac{1}{2} m v^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m v^2 (2\pi v)^2}{m (4\pi\epsilon_0)^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} m v^2\right)^2}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \frac{m v^2}{(4\pi\epsilon_0)^2 \frac{1}{2} m v^2}$$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-14} \text{ F/cm}$$

$$\epsilon_{Si} = 11.8 \epsilon_0$$

$$E_{ion} \Big|_H = 13.6 \text{ eV}$$

$$m \leftarrow m_e^{\#}$$
$$\epsilon_0 \leftarrow \epsilon_r \epsilon_0$$

$$E_{ion} \Big|_{Si} \approx \frac{13.6 \text{ eV}}{(\epsilon_r)^2} \approx 0.1 \text{ eV}$$
$$0.046 \text{ eV}$$